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No. 42



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S. KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

DPRK CRITICIZES ROK ARRESTS, TRIALS, STUDENT DEMONSTRATIONS

Criticizes Suppression of Students

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1520 GMT 10 Sep 79 SK

[Text] Pyongyang September 10 (KCNA)--The South Korean puppets let lose the riot police to brutally crack down upon students of the Kyongbuk and Kyemyong universities in Taegu and the Yongnam University when the latter called rallies and staged demonstrations against the "Yusin system" and for the democratisation of social and pooitical life and arrest more than 80 of them. NODONG SINMUN Monday comes out with a commentary captioned "Reckless Sword-brandishing" hitting at this outrage.

The joint struggle of the students in Taegu, says the author of the commentary, reflected the urgent demand of the South Korean people as can be seen in their slogans--the resignation of the present rulers and the repeal of the "Yusin system" and the "emergency decrees," etc.

He continues:

Under the seven-year old fascist "Yusin system," human dignity and independence are totally violated and obliterated, and patriots, democratic figures and guiltless people are constantly arrested, imprisoned and murdered on the strength of the monstrous "emergency decrees" and through political trials.

The political activities of the opposition politicians and the sit-down strikes of workers for the right to existence are made targets of terrorism at the point of the bayonet of the heavily armed riot police and the students who raise righteous demands are expelled from campus in groups, falling victims to "educational reprimand."

The people find their elementary right to existence constantly threatened under the dark rule where there are human beings, but no human rights, and there is society, but no democracy.

In that land of darkness where fascist terrorism holds sway, the struggle of the people and students against the oppressors and their repressive policy is inevitable, declares the commentary.

The commentary continues:

The struggle of the students is a just struggle against fascism and for the democratisation of socio-political life. It can never be an object of suppression.

By putting down the struggle of the students of the Kyongbuk University and other students at the point of the bayonet, the South Korean fascist puppet clique desperately sought to deliver themselves from an acute political and economic crisis and dispel the social unrest.

The ignorant military gang is trying to bridge over its crisis by wielding the fascist club more furiously. This is, in fact, a symptom of the dying hour of the fascist dictatorial rule estranged from the people.

The South Korean rulers should stop suppressing the just struggle of the patriotic people of all strata and the students and immediately release the illegally arrested students.

Arrests, Trials Criticized

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0348 GMT 14 Sep 79 SK

[Text] Pyongyang September 14 (KCNA)--The South Korean fascist clique staged a trial at the puppet supreme court on September 12 and passed three years in prison and "suspension of civil rights" upon Pastor Cho Hwa-sun who had opposed fascism and advocated democracy, according to a report from Seoul.

The fascist clique arrested him on charges of "violation of emergency decree No. 9" because he signed the "Charter of Democracy and National Salvation" in 1977 and finally confirmed the sentence that day after repeated trials.

Earlier, the puppets arrested Choe Sun-yong, Yi Son-chu and one other woman worker on charges of involvement in the struggle of female workers on charges of involvement in the struggle of female workers of the Y. H. Trading Company for existence and pastors in Myong-chin, Mun Torg-hwan and So Kyong-sok, former university professors Yi Mun-yong and poet Ko Un on the groundless pretext that they "manipulated the struggle behind the scene" and prosecuted all of them on September 11 by invoking the "law on special measures for national defence" and other evil laws.

At a murderous trial on September 10 the puppets demanded prison terms ranging from three to ten years and "suspension of civil rights" for seven persons including Yi U-chae and Han Myong-suk who had been arrested on charges of involvement in "the Christian Academy case."

As the anti-fascist struggle of the South Korean people of all walks of life is gaining momentum, the fascist clique try more frantically to intimidate them with bayonet and prison.

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S. KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

SPECIAL TEAM TO PROBE 'IMPURE ELEMENTS' IN FIRMS, RELIGIOUS GROUPS

Seoul THE KOREA TIMES in English 21 Aug 79 p 8

[Text] The special probe team investigating the influence of religious and other groups on labor disputes at industrial firms has been in operation since last Friday and had discussions with employers and employees at seven industrial firms and the Federation of Korean Trade Unions.

Headed by prosecutor Park Chun-yang from the Prosecutor General's Office, the four-man team consists of Yu Hungsu, chief of the third bureau of the National Police Headquarters; Han Jin-hi, chief of the labor affairs bureau, the Office of Labor Affairs; and Han Ki-bok, chief of the religious affairs bureau, the Ministry of Culture and Information.

The Kuro Industrial Complex in Yongdungpo and the Federation of Korean Trade Unions were first visited by the team last Friday followed by Dongil Textile Co, Bando Sangsa, and Nam Yeung Industrial Co Saturday.

On Sunday, the team visited Pang Rim Spinning Co, Jinro Limited, and Hai Tai Confectionery Co.

Prosecutor Park said that the team's investigation was aimed at finding out if any kind of impure elements, namely the controversial urban industrial missions (UIM), had interfered in labor disputes and to what extent their activities hampered the industrial development of the nation.

The team interviewed labor affairs officials and members of the urban industrial missions on what activities the missions had been engaged in with workers. Park said.

Park said that the team, formed under a presidential instruction, also examined overall labor conditions at industrial firms with prominent activities of the UIM to see if the firms had any faults in treating the employees in terms of wage, working hours and other labor conditions.

Park said that at the instruction of Justice Minister Kim Chi-yol, all the prosecutors' offices across the country would conduct investigations at industrial firms as well as rural communities from now on to determine whether impure elements had infiltrated into them and instigated laborers and farmers to raise labor disputes.

S. KOREA/ECONDIN

DEFICIT IN VISIBLE TRADE SUSTAINED IN 1979

Seoul HAPTONG in English 367 a 668 7 Sep 79 SK

[Text] Seoul, 7 Sep (HAPTONG) -- Commerce-Industry Minister Choe Kak-kyu said today that South Korea sustained a deficit of 3,937 million dollars in its visible trade during the first 8 months of this year.

Minister Choe made the remarks at a monthly trade promotion conference which was presided over by President Pak Chong-hui at the presidential guest house.

South Korea's merchandise exports reached 1,331 million dollars last month, thus bringing the aggregate since the beginning of this year to 9,393 million dollars, according to the minister.

The January-August export total showed a rise of 20 percent over the figure reported during the like period a year earlier, but it reflected a slight setback from the 9,500 million dollars originally planned for the 8-month period, Minister Choe explained.

During the 8-month period, exports of heavy and chemical industrial , roducts excluding ships amounted to 3,280 million dollars, up 43 percent from the sum recorded during the same period a year before, he maid.

Export sales of ships and floating steel structures during the cited period came to 221 million dollars, off 64 percent from the figure registered during the comparable period of 1978, he said.

Export shipments of light industrial products during the cited period totaled 4,918 million dollars, up 20 percent from the export value reported during the corresponding period of last year, he said.

The backlog of orders for shipbuilding now stands at 305 million dollars, and the Korean shipbuilding industry is expected to win awards or initial contracts worth 381 million dollars within this year for the export of ships, Minister Choe said.

Minister Choe further revealed that South Korea's merchandise imports amounted to 1,940 million dollars last month.

This has brought the aggregate since the beginning of this [year] to 13,230 million dollars, which represented an expansion of 47 percent over the sum recorded during the corresponding period a year ago, he added.

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S. KOREA/ECONOMY

BRIEFS

WITHERED RICE PLANTS--Rice plants in paddies in inland areas and southern provinces have been found to be withered en masse due apparently to the strong winds Typhoon Irving brought to these areas last week. Chungchongpukto province is expected to suffer the most severe crop failure in the nation as some 50 percent of rice plants in its paddies seem to be withered away. In Yongdong-gun, ears of rice plants in 1,026 hectares of paddies have withered white and farmers in some 550 hectares of paddies of Hwanggum, Maegok and Sangchon-myons fear that crops from these paddies will be reduced by 50 percent below average this year. In Kyongsang-namdo province, Miyang 23 and other newly developed rice plants growing in some 33,000 hectares of paddies are drying up. Though the native rice plants are harmed by the blight phenomenon, the improved strains are more severely hit by the withering tendency. An agricultural official of the Kyongsangnamdo provincial government said that if rice plants in some 30,000 hecraiss of paddies withered white, the financial damage from the crop failure would exceed 34.5 billion won. In Cholla-namdo province, 4,591 hectares of the total 206,000 hectares of rice paddies have been reported to suffer drying up. In Kangjin-gun, where drying up was most serious, 841 'ectares of paddies have been completely ruined, in Yochongun 800 hectares, and in Sungju-gun, 786 hectares. [Text] [Seoul THE KOREA TLAES in English 21 Aug 79 p 81

FARMERS SURVEYED--Most farmers desire the abolition of the farmland possessable ceiling or upward coordination, and agree with the proposal regarding the letting and hiring of land. According to a survey conducted by the Korea Rural Economics Institute based on a sampling of 1,050 farming households across the nation on the occasion of the impending introduction of a bill concerning land reform before the upcoming plenary session of the National Assembly, 64.9 percent of those surveyed want an elevation of the ceiling. As compared with 30.2 percent who thought the current 3-hectare ceiling was appropriate, and 4.9 percent who insisted a reduction of the ceiling to 2 hectares, 35.1 percent desired an increase of the ceiling to 5 hectares, 6.1 percent to 8 hectares, 8.5 percent to 10 hectares, and 30.1 percent hoped the government would abolish the ceiling, according to the survey. In the meantime, as regards the letting and hiring of farmland, 80.4 percent agreed, while no more than 19.6 percent opposed. The KREI said that inquiries were mailed to 4,000-farming households, of which 1,050 replied. The KREI has 10,300 field correspondents across the nation who are ready to reply to such inquiries. [Text] [Seoul THE KOREA TIMES in English 29 Aug 79 p 7]

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S. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

ROK RESIDENTS IN JAPAN PROTEST AUGUST POLICE RAID IN SEOUL

Tokyo KYODO in English 9950 GMT 2 Sep 79 OW

[Text] Tokyo, 2 Sep (KYODO)—South Korean residents in Japan held a rally at the Ro-on Kaikan Hall here Sunday protesting against a bloody police raid in Seoul last month on a sit-in conducted by jobless young working girls at the headquarters of South Korea's opposition New Democratic Party.

Korean police crushed the sit-in by the dismissed female workers of the Seoul-based YH trading firm, which went bankrupt last April. One of the demonstrators committed suicide.

The rally attended by some 200 people was held by eight organizations of South Korean residents in Japan, including the Japan headquarters of the Korean Congress for Democracy and Unification (Kanminto), all opposing the Pak Chong-hui regime.

Kim Sung-ho, chairman of the Tokyo branch of the Korean Residents Union in Japan (Mindan), addressed the rally, mourning the death of the working girl, (?21)-year-old Kim Kyong-suk. The participants prayed for the repose of her soul.

Pae Tong-ho, an adviser to Kanminto, explained the current situation surrounding labor and farmer movements as well as democracy-seeking campaigns in South Korea.

He stressed that the August 11 incident epitomized the hardships of the labor movement in South Korea. He also claimed that the girl was killed by riot police contrary to the official announcement.

The participants adopted a resolution in support of democratization movement in South Korea and later distributed literature in the Sukiyabashi area appealing their cause to the Japanese people.

S. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

BRIEFS

ASPAC STUDY MEETING—Suwon, Kyonggi Province, 28 Aug—A 5-day study meeting on high-yield corn was opened here today under the auspices of the Food, Fertilizer and Technology Center of the Asian and Pacific Council (ASPAC). Participating in the meeting were 13 agricultural experts and scholars from the Philippines, Japan, Taiwan, Thailand, the United States and South Korea. At the meeting they will discuss a wide range of views on increasing corn production in the Asian region.

[Text] [Seoul HAPTONG in English 0828 GMT 28 Aug 79 SK]

DELEGATION TO LATIN AMERICA--Seoul, 24 Aug--A three-member National Assembly delegation left here for Latin America Thursday on a fact-finding tour of Korean emigrants and overseas diplomatic missions there. The delegation, all of them members of the Foreign Affairs Committee, will tour Mexico, Panama, Argentina, Paraguay and Brazil for about two weeks. During the tour, they will also meet with the visiting countries' leaders to discuss Korea's bid to secure energy resources. [Text] [Seoul HAPTONG in English 0130 GMT 24 Aug 79 SK]

S. KOREA/FOREIGN TRADE

BRIEFS

JAPANESE LOANS TO ROK--Seoul, 20 Aug (OP-KYODO)--Japan is expected to discontinue extending public loans to Korea by 1983 at the latest. Finance Ministry sources revealed Monday that the Korean Government has received notice from Tokyo that the Japanese Government would gradually decrease the amount of its public loans to Korea beginning next year, and completely terminate the loans by 1983. Japanese public loans are intended for developing countries with an annual per capita GNP not exceeding \$1,000, according to the sources. Korea's per capita GNP last year was \$1,242. The three-year moratorium was set in view of special economic relations between Korea and Japan, the sources said, quoting the Japanese notification. Korea has borrowed an average of over \$100 million per year from Japan in public loans redeemable over 10 years, after five years of grace, at an annual interest rate of 5.75 per cent. [Text] [Tokyo KYODO in English Time not given 20 Aug 79 OW]

N. XOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

'MINJU CHOSON' PRAISES LAW-ABIDING SPIRIT AMONG FARMERS, FISHERMEN

Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 3 Aug 79 p 2

[Article by staff reporter Choe Chu-yong: "Hongwon County People's Committee Establishes a Law-Abiding Spirit"]

[Text] The functionaries and workers of Hongwon County are strictly abiding by the state laws and regulations with a heightened sense of law observance.

This is related to the fact that the Hongwon County People's Committee, upholding the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's instructions, have enhanced the role of the law-abiding life guidance committee and strengthened the indoctrination of Hongwon County functionaries and workers.

The respected and beloved great leader Comrade Kim Il-song instructed as follows:

"It is the people's sacred obligation to respect the socialist laws and abide by them in an enlightened way."

It was in early last April, with the second anniversary of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's proclamation of the Land Law approaching.

After the adoption of the Land Law, the Hongwon County People's Committee held a meeting to discuss matters concerning the status of observance and administration of the Land Law and found it necessary to intensify further the law-abiding spirit among Hongwon County functionaries and workers. The Hongwon County people's committee ordered the members of the law-abiding life guidance committee and the functionaries of people's committee to study the Land Law further for the thorough comprehension of the contents and legal requirements of the Land Law. After that, it sent them among the workers and residents to launch an enlightening campaign.

A functionary of the county people's committee dispatched to the Yongdok cooperative farm explained the contents of the Land Law to the farmers and told them in simple terms about the achievements and shortcomings in the administration of the Land Law in relation to the specific situation at the farm.

The functionary, not content with this, sat with the farmers to discuss how to better meet the requirements of the Land Law.

In the process, some farmers pointed out their shortcomings in not having protected and maintained the farm lands as the Land Law required and came up with effective measures.

After finding the measures, the functionary proceeded to the farm together with farm management functionaries and members of the cooperative farm for an on-the-spot instruction. In the process they found that farmlands could be preserved and more lands could be reclaimed by straightening the winding waterways and rearranging the wet and dry fields.

Thus, this farm could reclaim more land before the sowing season.

Instead of checking the land register at the cooperative farm office, a functionary dispatched to another cooperative farm visited and surveyed every valley near the farm with management functionaries, looking for unused land.

Since the members of each cooperative farm were indoctrinated in the law observance by the assigned functionary, the farmers came to possess a strong sense of law observance, thus achieving good results in the administration of the Land Law.

The county obtained several tens of chongbo [one chongbo is equivalent to 2.45 acres] of new arable land this year and seeds were sown on the land. The Namsan-up cooperative farm finished irrigation construction work along the Sodae-ch'on and built banks along the waterway with the help of functionaries and workers of state agencies and industries within the county, so that the farming in the area would be unaffected by heavy rains. The county people's committee developed a campaign to instill in the functionaries and workers a strong sense of respect for all the state laws and regulations, and not just the Land Law.

The following is a good example of a campaign to indoctrinate the people in the law-abiding spirit during the month of marine resources preservation.

A functionary from the county people's committee who was dispatched to the Unp'o Cooperative Farm fisheries team explained in detail about the meaning and importance of marine resources preservation to the fishermen and discussed the measures to preserve marine resources.

After the official's explanation, the fishermen presented several good measures.

They reassured him that they would use the prescribed fishing implements and methods in the offshore fishing grounds, and that they would take initiative in the project to preserve marine resources especially during the spawning season.

The officials of Hongwon County People's Committee fully supported the fishermen's suggestions and decided to help the fishermen and established measures to create favorable conditions in the assigned protective area.

They also organized the fisheries team better and established a study class for the fishermen, so that they would carry out instructions. In this way, the offshore fishing grounds surrounding Kyongp'o Bay are thickly covered with seaweeds to give inhabitable conditions to fish, and are changing into a good sea, abundant with various marine resources.

The Hongwon County People's Committee is guiding the functionaries and workers of the county to abide strictly by the state laws and regulations by intensifying the indoctrination of them with law-abiding spirit in this way.

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N. KOREA/ECONOMY

DPRK RADIO REPORTS KIM'S ON-THE-SPOT GUIDANCE IN S. PYONGAN

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 CMT 12 Sep 79 SK

[Text] Comrade Kim Il-song, the great leader of our party and people, gave on-the-spot guidance to work in various fields of the people's economy in South Pyongan Province between 11 and 12 September. During this period the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song visited various plants, enterprises and cooperative farms, including the Taean heavy machine plant, Nampo port, the housing construction site in Wau Island of Nampo City and the Chongsan cooperative farm, grasped in detail work in various domains of the people's economy and gave programmatic teachings.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song gave on-the-spot guidance to the Taean heavy machine plant.

At the construction site of the first combined processing workship, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song acquainted himself in detail with the construction project and put forward the task to finish the project at an early date.

Saying that the construction of this plant should be completed in a short period so that it can more smoothly meet the increasing demand of plant facilities, the great leader Comrade Kim II-song taught that resources and lacilities, including thick and thin plates, should be supplied in a timely manner.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught that in order to continuously push ahead with construction during the winter season, the roofing and walling work of the buildings should be finished before it turns cold.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song instructed that the overall construction work of the plant should not be conducted simultaneously but efforts should be concentrated on the processes needed for production, such as the boiler, casting, cast steel, forging and wood pattern.

Saying that, in order to speed up construction, guidance functionaries should properly organize and guide the construction, the great leader

Comrade Kim Il-song instructed that all technicians, including plumbers and facility assemblers mobilized in other construction projects, should be readjusted and used in a reasonable way.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song then went to the newly built second second combined processing workshop. There, inspecting the operation of machine tools the great leader expressed satisfaction with the fact that all machines and equipment are in full operation.

Saying that if small machines and equipment are set up in a large building this will waste space for production and that therefore those machines and equipment suitable for a large building should be set up, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song put forward a detailed task to set up machines and equipment in a reasonable way.

Saying that the use of natural lighting is important in lighting the interiors of workshop buildings, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song stressed that we should pay deep attention to this matter when we construct other workshop buildings in the future.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught that all machinists, by familiarizing themselves with their machines and equipment through the struggle to enhance the level of technique and skill, should place all machines and equipment on full capacity and full operation and should enhance the quality of products.

Saying that the quality of materials for precision machines should be enhanced, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught that the processing base for materials should be further developed and that materials, after being processed, should be supplied to the processing

Seeing a model of the Taean heavy machine plant, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song put forward a task to carry out the construction of the plant and housing construction in a prospective way.

The great leader Comrade Kim 11-son; taught that greenery, not houses, should be placed around the plant and that the construction of a wharf should be carried out under a prospective plan.

Saying that if houses are dispersed the work to supply daily necessities to the dwellers will be inconvenient and the expansion work of severage and piped water line system will be difficult and that therefore houses should be concentrated in one location, the great leader Comrade Kim Ilsong stressed that housing areas should be constructed at the foot of a mountain with a good view.

On the same day the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song gave on-the-spot guidance to Nampo City. The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song first visited

Napo port. Inspecting the newly-build conveyer belt, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song acquainted himself with its operation and set forth a task in which to better build the port.

Seeing the belt conveyer and its operation, the great leader Comrade Kim II-song expressed deep satisfaction with the fact that the members of the three-revolution teams in South Pyongan Province and the functionaries mobilized in the construction of Nampo port have realized the comprehensive mechanization of the loading of paper-packed freight by excellently building the conveyer belt through the demonstration of their self-reliant revolutionary spirit, following the three-way transport line of the party.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song entered the control room to see its inner facilities and highly praised the completion of the introduction of industrial television monitors in the loading of freight, saying that it is a very good thing.

Saying that efforts should be concentrated to complete silos now under construction at Nampo port at the earliest possible date, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught that the work of putting cement into silos should be mechanized in a reasonable manner.

Setting forth the task to build one more new conveyer belt, the great leader Comrade Kim II-song taught that what is important in building a conveyer belt is to establish thorough measures to prevent freight, such as cement, from raising dust when it is transported, and unfolded detailed ways for this.

Seeing the operation of the (?freight lifting elevator), the great leader comrade expressed his satisfaction and taught that more such machines should be produced and used.

Then, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song gave on-the-spot guidance to the Nampo City construction.

seeing the blueprint for buildings in the Wau Island sport village, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song indicated the location for the construction site of a skating gymnasium, sports village and Waudo streets.

Seeing the tall dwelling houses built on Wau Island, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song said the scene is very good and instructed that many more tall dwelling houses should be built in this scenic place in the future, too, to provide the working people with better living conditions.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song said that hotels should be built and managed well to accommodate many people as various sports games would be held more frequently in the well-furnished sports village of Nampo City.

Noting that as the construction of dwelling houses is being rapidly accelerated in Nampo City it is very important to solve the problems of the supply of piped water and heating, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song unfolded ways to solve them.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song gave on-the-spot guidance to the Chongsan cooperative farm in Taean City. The great leader Comrade Kim II-song inspected rice fields of the cooperative farm, expressed deep satisfaction with the unusually rich rice crop and put forward a task in which to better do rice farming.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song acquainted himself with the fertilizer application plan for this year and taught that more silicon fertilizer should be applied and that various kinds of chemical fertilizer including nitrogen and phosphate fertilizers should be properly combined in applying fertilizer.

Stressing that one of the important problems in rice farming is to eliminate plant and insect diseases, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song said that, in order to eliminate the diseases, the cultivation of rice should be carried out in a scientific and technical way.

Acquainting himself with the variety of rice planted at this cooperative farm, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song expressed his satisfaction with it and instructed that the variety of rice suitable to this area should be planted.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song called a consultative meeting of agricultural workers on 12 September, in which he acquainted himself in detail with farming this year and put forward tasks arising in the agricultural domain.

At the meeting the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song said that unprecedentedly rich crops this year have been made possible because healthy rice seedlings were raised and transplanted in the right season, silicon fertilizer and various other fertilizers were applied properly, water was secured sufficiently to be used in abundance and damage from heat was thoroughly prevented, and because the party functionaries and all other functionaries acquired the chuche-based farm method and guided farming well on a scientific and technical basis.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song said that as our agriculture has become more intensified and grain production has reached a very high level, the scientific and technical level of farming should be raised further in order to do it better, and unfolded concrete orientation and ways for this.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song said that in order to do farming in a scientific and technical way, various scientific and technical problems arising in cultivating farm crops should be carefully observed and studied.

Saying that as the adverse influence of the cold front continues it is still important to secure water for rice fields, the great leader Comrade Kim 11-song unfolded concrete methods for doing it.

Stressing the importance of raising healthy rice seedlings and transplanting them in the right season, the great leader Comrade Kim II-song taught that humus should be produced and study on the stages of growth of rice plants should also be thoroughly carried out.

Stressing that, in order to more thoroughly establish the scientific fertilizer application system, the analysis work on soil and crops should be carried out properly, the great leader Comrade Kim II-song unfolded concrete ways for this.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song put forward tasks arising in the rice farming in the reclaimed tideland, saying experience this year shows that much rice could be reaped from the reclaimed tideland.

Then, the great leader Comrade Kim II-song set forth tasks to further accelerate the comprehensive mechanization of the rural economy.

After acquainting himself with the distribution status of farm machines, including tractors and their utilization in various cooperative farms, saying that our rural villages have been supplied with a considerable number of farm machines, the great leader Comrade Kim II-song instructed that agricultural labor should be done in a communist way and the disparity between agricultural and industrial labor be eliminated as early as possible by raising the utility rate of farm machines and completely realizing the comprehensive mechanization of agriculture.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song instructed that by completely realizing the comprehensive mechanization of the rural economy in some years in the future Taean City various cooperative farms in Unchon County, including Ciongsan cooperative farm and (Chomjin) cooperative farm, should play leading roles in the struggle to thoroughly carry out the task of the technical revolution in rural villages.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song emphasized that guidance functionaries in the agricultural domain and agricultural working people should struggle vigorously to mechanize farm work in order to complete the comprehensive mechanization of the rural economy as early as possible.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song stressed that all party organizations and agricultural guidance organs should analyze in detail the utility rate of farm machines in each cooperative farm, should establish concrete and necessary measures for this and thus should correctly guide the work to realize the comprehensive mechanization of the rural economy.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song also instructed that, in order to increase the mechanization rate of agricultural labor, unnecessary farm work

processes should be eliminated and land rearrangement work should be vigorously conducted.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught that what is important in stepping up the comprehensive mechanization is to raise the utility rate of tractors and other farm machines already supplied to the cooperative farms and that to this end tractor drivers, rice transplanting machine operators and other people who operate machines should be assigned permanently to cooperative farms and their technical level and sense of responsibility should be enhanced steadily.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song said that the committees and ministries of the administration council, plants and enterprises should supply the cooperative farms with more trailing farm machines of different kinds and thrashing combines to actively help promote the comprehensive mechanization of all farming processes from the making of cold beds to thrashing.

The teachings given by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song during his onthe-spot guidance to South Pyongan Province serve as a powerful banner in carrying out the tasks put forth at the fifth congress of our party and the second 7-year plan ahead of schedule and inspiring the entire party members and working people to bring about a new upsurge in socialist construction.

N. KUREA/ECONOMY

DPRK ENJOYS INCREASING GRAIN OUTPUT

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1520 GMT 13 Sep 79 SK

[Text] Pyongyang September 13 (KCNA) -- The Korean countryside is overflowing with joy at a rich crop previously unknown with autumn harvesting just around the corner.

Many cooperative faims across the country foresee a rise of more than one ton above last year in the per hectare harvest of rice,

No less gratifying is the expected yield of maize, a staple crop coming next [to] rice in our country.

In Korea grain harvest is sharply boosted every year through a scientific farming as required by the chuche-based farming method.

The grain output in 1973 was 36 per cent higher than the previous year. In 1974, the year when the tenth anniversary of the publication of the great rural theses was commemorated, it again jumped 31 per cent above the preceding year to scale the 7 million ton height. Two years later, more than 8 million tons were produced, and the 8.5 million ton wark was hit in 1977. This was 1.5 million tons more than the annual output in the north and south of the country put together under the Japanese imperialist occupation and 4.5 times the yearly grain output in the northern half of the republic right after the liberation.

Our country has outstripped the advanced countries of the world in the per hectare harvest of rice and has all but reached their level in that if maize.

it, once a food-deficient land, has become a grain exporter.

Its grain output is climbing the height of 10 million tons.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song set it forth as a central task facing agriculture during the second seven-year plan (1978-1984) to undertake large-scale nature-remaking projects and hasten the rural technical revolution and thus industrialize and modernize agriculture and place agricultural production on a scientific basis and make it intensive.

Now our countryside has a complete irrigation system in which the paddyfield irrigation was rounded off and non-paddyfield irrigation has been wound up in the main.

Already a few years ago, an average of 6 tractors were operating in the plain areas and 5 in the in-between and mountain areas per 100 hectares of arable land. Now many cooperative farms have 7 to 8 tractors per 100 hectares plus a good many trailing farm machines.

Ours has become one of the most advanced countries in the world in the amount of chemical fertilizer application. Last year, the application of fertilizers per hectare of paddy and non-paddy fields reached 1.5 tons.

In the near future, 1 to 10 tractors and 3 to 4 trucks will operate in every 100 hectares and the application of chemical fertilizers per hectare of paddy and non-paddy fields will leap to two tons.

N. KOREA/ECONOMY

'KCNA' CITES DEVELOPMENT OF DPRK ENGINEERING INDUSTRY

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1542 GMT 7 Sep 79 SK

[Text] Pyongyang September 7 (KCNA)--The building of the second combined processing shop, the first steel metalprocessing shop, the experimental shop, the oxygen generator room, the compressor room and the transformer substation has been recently completed at the Taean heavy machine combine now under construction.

The second combined processing shop equipped with modern large-size machine tools and other major units completed recently will produce various kinds of modern ordered equipment including large-size mining machines and equipment for metal, chemical and cement factories.

A number of giant machine plants including the Kumsong tractor plant, the Yongsong machine plant, the Huichon machine tool plant and the Taean electrical machine plant have been built in Korea under the banner of the republic.

Korea's engineering industry now produces such large-size machines and equipment as 5,000 metre test drill, 300 h.p. bulldozer, 10 cubic metre excavator, 50,000 kva generator, 200,000 kva transformer, 6,000 ton press, 20 metre lathe, 18 metre turning lathe, electric locomotive, 20,000 ton cargo ship and heavy-duty truck. It also produces whole sets of equipment for outfitting modern factories and enterprises in the metal, chemical and light industries and other domains.

Even simple farm implements could not be produced in Korea before liberation.

Our engineering industry has made a rapid progress under the wise guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim II-song since liberation.

The great leader put forward the policy of building a modern machine industry in August 1951 and personally chose the construction site of a factory on the spot.

A machine plant began to be built during the arduous days of the fatherland liberation war.

Our young engineering industry produced tractors, automobiles, excavators, etc., in 1958.

In 1959 the machine-tool movement was vigorously unfolded, through which 13,000 machine tools were produced outside the plan in a matter of one year.

During the seven year plan period, a period of overall tech ical reconstruction, our engineering industry produced whole sets of machines and equipment for outfitting more than 100 modern factories and enterprises, such as equipment for power stations, ore dressing plants and metallurgical works.

During the period of the fulfilment of the six-year plan the engineering industry grew 2.4 times, of which heavy machine industry 2.2 times, machine tool industry 2.6 times and agricultural machine production 3.6 times.

Today our country meets 98 per cent of the domestic demand for machines and equipment with home products.

The proportion of engineering industry in our gross industrial output value rose from 5.1 per cent in 1946 to 33.7 per cent in 1977.

During the second seven-year plan period (1978-1984) Korea will produce annually 5 million tons of machinery.

In this period the annual output of machine tools will reach 50,000 and that of 300 h.p. bulldozers grow 6 times, 4 cubic metre excavators 3.3 times, tunnelling combines 6.3 times and heavy-duty lorries "Chajuho" and "Konsolho" 5 and 6 times respectively.

Our engineering industry will also annually turn out 45,000 tractors and build 50,000 ton and 100,000 ton cargo ships.

N. KOREA/ECONOMY

BRIEFS

CARGO SHIP BUILT--Pyongyang August 30--One more 14,000 ton cargo ship "Taehongdan" has been built at the Chongjin shipyard of the DPRK. This large and modern ship built in two months or so will contribute to the development of marine transport of the country. The shipyard has so far built many ships including 14,000 ton cargo ships "Wangjaesan," "Zosandok" and "Tumangang." A ceremony for launching the "Taehongdan" was held on August 29. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1050 GMT 30 Aug 79 SK]

RICH CROP IN KAECHON--Pyongyang August 25 (KCNA) -- The richest crop ever known has visited the Kaechon area, South Pyongan Province. The county's maize harvest is expected to top last years by more than 13,000 tons. On the Pobu cooperative farm a rise of 2 tons on an average per hectare above last year is foreseen in maize harvest. The average per-hectare maize harvest on the farm in 1977 was more than 2 tons above the previous year, and last year it again jumped 1.8 tons as against the preceding year, some fields yielding 10 to 13 tons per hectare. Paddy rice also rules good. The rice plant has shot out so many branches that you can hardly hold it in one hand, and each rice ear has more than 120 grains. The Oeso cooperative farm expects an average of 9 tons per hectare from paddy fields once known lean. Tobacco, vegetables, vine haricot bean and other crops have lso done well. The Yongjin cooperative farm foresees a tobacco harvest double that last year. An average of 4.5 tons are being gathered per lecture in the first round of picking in plots which had hardly yielded 2 tons. The agricultural working people in the county have brought about such bountiful crop this year by doing farming in a scientific and technical way as required by the chuche-based farming method. [Text] Pyongyang KCNA in English 1500 GMT 25 Aug 79 SK1

ALBANIAN TRADE DELEGATION--Pyongyang September 9 (KCNA)--The Albanian Government trade delegation headed by Andrea Nako, vice-minister of finance of the People's Socialist Republic of Albania, left Pyongyang yesterday by train. The delegation was seen off at the Pyongyang railway station by personage concerned Han Su-kil and Miltiadh Bode, ambassador, and staff members, of the Albanian Embassy in Pyongyang. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0902 GMT 9 Sep 79 SK]

SOVIET AID PROJECT--According to RADIO MOSCOW, the 15th meeting of the Inter-Governmental Economic and Scientific-Technological Consultative Committee of the DPRK and the USSR was held from 15-17 August in Moscow, and it concluded with a signing of a protocol to increase mutual cooperation. It reported that through this protocol, as part of the expansion work of the Kim Chaek Iron and Steel Complex, a cold rolling mill required in the production of North Korean tractors and vehicles will probably be built with Soviet aid. [Text] [Tokyo THE TONG-IL ILBO in Japanese 23 Aug 79 p 2]

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N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

NEW BOOKS RECENTLY PUBLISHED IN DPRK

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1508 GMT 12 Sep 79 SK

[Text] Pyongyang September 12 (KCNA)--A number of new books have been recently published in our country.

The books "Changsubyol Over Mt. Paektusan" and "Anti-Japanese Childrens Corps" brought out by the Kumsong Youth Publishing House are widely read among youth and children these days.

The book "Changsubyol Over Mt. Paektusan" contains 23 pieces from among numerous legends recounted among our people in high praise of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song in the period of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle.

Among the legends contained in the book are "Changgunbyol Over Mt. Paektusan,"
"The Korean Army Appears" and "General Kim Il-song Floats a Sheet of Paper
on the Water and Walks Across the River on It."

The book "Anti-Japanese Children's Corps" deals withthe revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese children's corps established by the great leader curing the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle.

Inese books contribute to educating our children and youth to remain loyal to the great leader to the end.

The Literary and Art Publishing House brought out scores of literary and art books including [word indistinct] full-length novels and four medium-length novels.

The full-length novel "Flaming Front" printed by this publishing house is popular with our working people.

The novel is a truthful depiction of the heroic struggle waged by a platoon of the Korean People's Army, together with the people in the rear, to carry out the policy of forming the second front put forward by comrade supreme commander, overcoming all sorts of ordeals and difficulties during the fatherland liberation war.

The medium-length novel "Deep in a Mountain" depicts how a stockbreeding work team and head of a cooperative farm in mountainous area introduces with all devotion the method of pasturing sheep in forests; which is suited to the geographical conditions of our country.

The medium-length novel "Bright Youth" gives a vivid picture of the noble traits of our young oceanographer who devotes himself to the research in tidal waves.

The publishing house brought out again at the request of our working people the full-length novel "The Flower Girl" based on the revolutionary opera "The Flower Girl," an immortal classic created and performed in the period of the glorious anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle.

The full-length novel "Sunflowers Growing Thick" which is set in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and the historical novel "The Kapo Peasants' War" were also published again.

N. KOREA/SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

BRIEFS

DPRK NUCLEAR SCIENTISTS--RADIO MOSCOW reported on 17 August that a group of North Korean nuclear scientists and scientists from 10 other communist countries are conducting research on the use of nuclear energy at the Dubna Joint Nuclear Research Institute located in the suburbs of Moscow. [Text] [Tokyo THE TONG-IL ILBO in Japanese 23 Aug 79 p 2]

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

KIM IL-SONG RECEIVES LETTER FROM KOREAN'S MEETING IN JAPAN

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1603 GMT 12 Sep 79 SK

[Text] Pyongyang September 12 (KCNA)--The great leader Marshal Kim Il-song received a letter from a central meeting of Koreans in Japan celebrating the 31st anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the glorious fatherland.

The letter wholeheartedly extended greatest honour and warmest congratulations to the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song, the founder and guide of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The letter said:

The founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the glorious fatherland, was, indeed, the appearance of a new independent people and the grand birth of chuche Korea.

With the founding of the republic, compatriots in Japan, too, have become proud overseas citizens of a powerful and dignified sovereign and independent state which no one dare provoke, as genuine masters of the country.

Under the wise guidance of you the great leader, our republic has covered a road of an arduous struggle and proud victory and performed imperishable feats for the country and the people over the past 31 years.

By leading our republic and people, you drove back the armed invasion of the U.S. imperialists and established a most advanced socialist system in this land free from exploitation and oppression and has wrought the miracle of the century building an independent socialist state with a powerful independent national economy, a brilliant national culture and a mighty defence [word indistinct]. The Democratic People's Republic of Korea is a genuine [word indistinct] and guaranteeing national dignity and all rights to the compatriots in Japan.

Thanks to the compatriotic policy of the government of our republic shaped by you the fatherly leader, the compatriots in Japan are proudly doing their

bit in the patriotic work for the country and nation, united around the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan [Chongnyon], in overseas citizens' organizations of the republic, though living in a capitalist alien land.

Greeting the national day of chuche Korea with great joy and emotion, we firmly resolve to ardently love and firmly defend the Democratic People's Republic of korea, the glorious fatherland, led by you and devote our all to the prosperity and development of the socialist fatherland.

We should further strengthen the national unity of the compatriots in Japan, positively support the struggle of South Korean democratic figures and patriotic people for democratization and thoroughly frustrate the "two Koreas" plot of the U.S. imperialists and [few words indistinct].

The letter wholeheartedly wished the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song good health and a long life.

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

BRIEFS

EDUCATIONAL AID FUND--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song sent educational aid fund and stipends amounting to 500 million yen in Japanese currency to the Korean citizens in Japan. This remittance brought the total amount of educational aid fund and stipends sent by the great leader in 72 instalments for the development of the democratic, national education of the Korean citizens in Japan to 26,862,827,033 yen in Japanese currency.

[Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 8 Sep 79 SK]

KOREANS FROM JAPAN--Pyongyang September 13--The delegation of Korean Youth and Students in Japan headed by Kim Won-hwan, deputy section chief of the educational department of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), and the delegation of the Association of Korean Journalists and Publishers in Japan headed by its chairman Pak Tong-chun left Pyongyang after visiting the socialist homeland. The delegations and the second short-term home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan headed by Pak Chan-chun, section chief of the general affairs department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongnyon, left Wonsan aboard the ship "Samjiyon" on September 12. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0358 GMT 13 Sep 79 SK]

COMPANY DIRECTOR DEPARTS--Pyongyang September 12--An Su-yol, director of the Korean Special Products Sales Company, Ltd. under the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), left Pyongyang on September 11 by air after visiting the socialist homeland. [Pyongyang Kunh in English 0342 GMT 12 Sep 79 SK]

CHONGNYON JOURNALISTS DELEGATION--Pyongyang September 11 (KCNA)--Vice-premier Chong Chun-ki on September 10 met the delegation of the Association of Korean Journalists and Publishers in Japan headed by its chairman Pak Tong-chun and had a conversation with it in an atmosphere overflowing with compatriotic sentiments. Personage concerned Kim Chu-yong was present.

[Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0330 GMT 11 Sep 79 SK]

CHONGNYON VISITORS--Pyongyang September 10 (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song on September 9 received the group of Koreans in Japan for celebrating the 31st anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which is staying in the socialist homeland. Present there were the members of the group headed by Yi Chin-kyu, vice-chairman of the general Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon). Comrade Kim Chung-nin was also present. The great leader Comrade Kim Al-song warmly shook hands with the members of the group and had a conversation with them and posed for a photograph with them. [Text] [Pyongyang ECNA in English 0346 GMT 10 Sep 79 SK]

VISITING KOREANS FROM JAPAN--Pyongyang August 24 (KCNA)--Vice-premier Chong Chun-ki on August 23 met the 64th home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan headed by Chong Chae-su, section chief of the Central Institute of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), and the 65th home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan headed by Pak Pyong-nyol, section chief of the Santama Prefectural headquarters of Chongnyon, and had a talk with them in an atmosphere overflowing with compatriotic sentiments. Present on the occasion was personage concerned Han Pyong-hwa.
[Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 24 Aug 79 SK]

CHONGNYON YOUTH GROUP--Pyongyang September 9 (KCNA)--Comrade Kye Ung-tae on September 8 met the delegation of Korean Youth and Students in Japan headed by Kim Won-hwan, deputy section chief of the educational department of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), and had a conversation with it in an atmosphere overflowing with patriotic sentiments. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0912 GMT 9 Sep 79 SK]

THAI FRIENDSHIP DELEGATION TOURS PYONCYANG

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1028 GMT 13 Sep 79 SK

[Text] Pyongyang September 13 (KCNA) -- Head of the friendship promotion delegation of the Kingdom of Thailand His Excellency Boontheng Thonsawasdi, speaker of the lower house, and members of Parliament on the delegation visited the international friendship exhibition on September 12.

The head of the delegation wrote in the visitors' book: Seeing gifts to the great leader president from heads of state and people of various countries of the world, we clearly realized that he enjoys the deep respect of the world people.

The guests went round historic remains on Mt. Myohyang-san and the Lake Yonpung.

Deputy speaker of the lower house Theam Jayanandana and some members of the delegation toured various places of Pyongyang.

After inspecting the Pyongyang June 9 second Yongbuk girls' senior middle school, the deputy speaker said that the great leader President Kim II-song established a perfect educational system and elementary education is given well at the school with fine educational facilities.

Bright is the future of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea under the wise guidance of the great leader President Kim Il-song, he noted.

The guests also visited the Yihyon pumping station, Sadong district, and the central zoo.

Other members of the delegation went to the National Economy Institute,

In the evening the friendship promotion delegation of the Kingdom of Thailand saw an acrobatic performance.

Earlier, on September 11 speaker of the lower house His Excellency Boontheng Thonsawasdi and members of Parliament on the delegation visited Anju district. They went first to the Paeksang pavilion and the Chilsong park.

At the youth chemical complex the guests were shown round the polyethylene factory and urea fertilizer factory.

That day deputy speaker of the lower house Theam Jayanandana and some members of the delegation visited the Hwangju riced-corn mill and the Hwangju fruit farm.

After going round the fruit tarm, the deputy speaker said that they saw the successes the Korean people have made through hard struggle, overcoming all difficulties and trials, under the guidance of the great leader President Kim Il-song.

Noting that the delegation had the honour to be received by the great leader, the deputy speaker said: He is a great man enjoying the highest respect of the people.

We feel respect for the great leader and have good feelings toward the Korean people, he said, and went on: Back home, we will convey to the Thai people what we saw and felt during our visit.

We heartily wished the great leader President Kim Il-song good health and a long life.

The guests visited the Pyongyang September 15 weekly nursery.

Some members of the delegation toured Hambung and inspected the main production processes of the February 8 vinalon complex, the Yongson, machine plant and the Hungnam fertilizer complex.

NEW ZEALAND FRIENDSHIP GROUP DELEGATION VISITS

Meeting With Vice Premier

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0806 GMT 8 Sep 79 SK

[Text] Pyongyang September 8 (KCNA)--Vice-premier Chong Chun-ki on September 7 met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the New Zealand-The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Association headed by William Edward Willmot, chairman of its national committee.

Present chere were personage concerned Chang Se-kuk,

Delegation Meets Press

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1036 GMT 8 Sep 79 SK

[Text] Pyongyang September 8 (KCNA)--The delegation of the New Zealand-The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Association headed by chairman of its national committee William Edward Willmot met home reporters in Pyongyang on September 7.

The head of the delegation said that everywhere he went he saw for himself that the leader of the Korean people President Kim II-song has wisely directed socialist construction.

The Korean people have achieved great successes in the building of socialism by struggling, firmly guided by the chuche idea, he noted.

Maclean, member of the delegation, said: Not only towns but also farm villages have developed in Korea. This is a model for many countries of the world.

Noting that he was deeply impressed by the free education given to all Korean students, he said:

All education and technique wholly serve the people in Korea.

Your country has made a wonderful success in education,

This success is attributable entirely to the wise guidance of education work by the leader of the Korean people President Kim Il-song.

Saying that he was deeply impressed by his tour of Kaesong area and Panmunjom, the head of the delegation pointed out that he could not repress indignation at the presence of American soldiers in South Korea and he clearly saw the nature of the imperialists.

He said:

We felt more deeply how ardent the desire of the Korean people for the reunification of the country is.

The New Zealand-The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Association will make all efforts to extend firm support to the Korean people in the struggle for reunifying the country independently and peacefully on a democratic principle.

DPRK FILM WEEK OPENS IN CHINA ON ANNIVERSARY OF FOUNDING OF DPRK

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0336 GMT 11 Sep 79 SK

[Text] Beijing September 9 (KCNA)--A Korean film week opened in China on September 9 on the occasion of the 31st anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Chinese Ministry of Culture arranged a banquet in Beijing on September 8 in connection with the opening of the film week and the visit of the Korean moviemen. It was attended by Deng Yingchao member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and vice-chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress; Wang Lanxi, Situ Huimin and Zhou Erfu, vice-minister of culture of the State Council; Han Nianlong, vice-minister of foreign affairs; Qiao Shi, deputy head of the International Liaison Department of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China; and other leading members of departments concerned and a large number of Chinese artists.

Vice-minister Wang Lanxi and head of the movimen's delegation of our country Mil II made toasts at the banquet.

That day an opening ceremony of the "DPRK Film Week" was held under the sponsorship of the Chinese Ministry of Culture at the Capital Theatre in Beijing.

Present at the ceremony were vice-ministers of culture of the State Council of China Wang Lanxi, Situ Huimin and Zhou Erfu, deputy head of the International Liaison Department of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China Qiao Shi and other leading members of departments concerned and many citizens.

Vice-minister Wang Lanxi spoke first at the opening ceremony. He said:

The Korean moviemen showed through film art the brilliant achievements made by the valiant and industrious Korean people in the cause of socialist construction through their strenuous efforts and in the spirit of self-reliance, while keeping up a relentless struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country under the wise leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by their great leader President Kim Il-song, and contributed to the development of the revolutionary film art of Korea by creating many revolutionary films of high ideological and artistic value.

Referring to the relations of militant friendship between China and Korea, he said: "The Chinese people and film workers invariably support the struggle of the Korean people and moviemen for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country. We are convinced that the 3000 li land of Korea will surely be reunified and fellow countrymen in the north and south be reunited.

The opening ceremony was also addressed by the head of the moviemen's delegation of our country.

During the film week Korean films will be screened in 16 cities of China including Beijing, Shanghai, Tianjin, Guangzhou and Wuhan.

Invited to the opening ceremony and banquet were the members of the moviemen's delegation of our country and the ambassador and staffers of the DPRK Embassy in Beijing.

BRIEFS

DPRK ASSEMBLY LEADER'S MESSAGE--Pyongyang September 9 (KCNA)--Hwang Chang-yop, chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly, sent a message to Vladimir Bonev, president of the People's Assembly of Bulgaria, greeting the 35th anniversary of the victory of the socialist revolution in Bulgaria. The message expressed the belief that the friendly and cooperative relations between the two countries and two peoples assemblies would be further expanded and developed in the future and wished the president new success in his work. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0911 GMT 9 Sep 79 SK]

FILM SHOW--Pyongyang September 7 (KCNA)--The Ministry of People's Armed Forces arranged a film show on September 6 on the occasion of the 31st anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. Present at the film show were Pak Chung-kuk, Hwang Chol-san and other personages concerned. Invited there were military attaches of foreign embassies in Pyongyang. Speeches were made at the film show. The attendants saw a documentary film of our country. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0004 GMT 7 Sep 79 SK]

DANISH SOCIALIST PARTY OFFICIAL--Pyongyang September 14 (KCNA)--Gert Petersen, chairman of the Central Committee of the Socialist People's Party of Denmark, and his wife left Pyongyang by plane on September 13. The guests were seen off at the airport by Comrade Chong Chun-ki, alternate member of the political committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and vice-premier of the Administration Council, Kim Yong-sun, alternate member, and vice-director of a department, of the Central Committee of the KWP, and other personages concerned. During their stay in our country the guests toured Pyongyang and local areas. After visiting the international friendship exhibition, the chairman wrote in the visitors' book: Numerous gifts to President Kim Il-song from friendly countries are an expression of the high respect of the world people for him. Going round the Chongsan cooperative farm, he said: The cooperative farm has made big successes in agricultural production by fully applying the chuche-based farming method created by President Kim Il-song. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0345 GMT 14 Sep 79 SK]

UN DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM DELEGATION--Pyongyang September 12 (KCNA)--A delegation of the U.N. Development Programme headed by its deputy administrator Andrew Joseph arrived here on September 11 by plane. The delegation was met at the airport by personage concerned I Song-nok. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0433 GMT 12 Sep 79 SK]

NEW ZEALAND FRIENDSHIP DELEGATION--Pyongyang September 9 (KCNA)--The delegation of the New Zealand-The Democratic People's Republic of Korea Association headed by William Edward Willmot, chairman of its National Committee, left Pyongyang on September 8 by train. During its stay in our country, the delegation inspected educational and cultural establishments and other places. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0903 GMT 9 Sep 79 SK]

DPRK-PRC RAIL TRANSPORT PROTOCOL--Beijing August 29 (KCNA)--A regular meeting on Korean-Chinese border railway transport was held recently in Shenyang, China. At the end of the meeting a protocol of the meeting on border railway transport of the two countries for 1979 was signed on August 28. It was signed by Kim Tae-sik, vice-director of the Kaechon railway administration and head of the railway delegation of our country, and Tian Xiwen, deputy director of the Shenyang railway bureau and head of the railway delegation of China. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0346 GMT 30 Aug 79 SK]

NEW IRAQI AMBASSADOR--Pyongyang September 1 (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on September 1 received credentials from Ahmad Abdul Kadir al-Shawi, newly-appointed ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Republic of Iraq to our country. Present at the presentation ceremony were Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Yi Chong-mok and officials of the Iraqi Embassy in Pyongyang. After receiving credentials the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song had a conversation with the ambassador. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1550 GMT 1 Sep 79 SK]

LEW AMBASSADOR TO EGYPT--Cairo September 4 (KCNA)--Kang Man-su, newly appointed ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of our country to Egypt, on September 2 presented his credentials to Muhammad Anwar as-Sadat, president of the Arab Republic of Egypt. The ambassador conveyed the cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to the president. The president expressed deep thanks for the cordial regards and asked the ambassador to convey his warm greetings to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song. The president hoped that Korea would be reunified in accordance with the policy set forth by President Kim Il-song and sincerely wished him good health and a long life. The conversation proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. Present on the occasion were the vice-president of the Arab Republic of Egypt, the chief of the presidential office and other officials concerned. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0346 GMT 6 Sep 79 SK]

NEW INDONESIAN AMBASSADOR -- Pyongyang September 6 (KCNA) -- The great leader Comrade Kim II-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

received credentials today from Vr. Djundrunan Kusumahardja, newly appointed ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Republic of Indonesia to our country. The presentation ceremony was attended by Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Yi Chong-mok and officials of the Indonesian Embassy in Pyongyang. After receiving the credentials the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song had a conversation with the ambassador. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1624 GMT 6 Sep 79 SK]

ARRIVAL, DEPARTURE OF VISITORS--Pyongyang September 4--The moviemen's delegation of our country returned home on September 3 by plane after participating in the 11th Moscow international film festival. Journalist Lennart Weber of the Danish newspaper "Akutuelt" and a model plane team of the Soviet Union arrived in Pyongyang yesterday by plane. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0403 GMT 4 Sep 79 SK] A moviemen's delegation of our country left here on September 5 by plane for the Soviet Union. [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0419 GMT 6 Sep 79 SK] A moviemen's delegation of our country headed by Min II left Pyongyang yesterday by plane for a visit to China. [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0340 GMT 5 Sep 79 SK]

ARMY BOXING TEAMS--Pyongyang September 7--The Army boxing teams of Romania, Czechoslovakia, Cuba, Poland, Hungary, the Soviet Union and Major General Nikola Paskaley Dimitrov of the Bulgarian People's Army, official representative of the sports committee of friendly armies, left Pyongyang by plane after participating in the boxing championships of friendly armies held in Pyongyang. [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0350 GMT 7 Sep 79 SK]

VISITORS ARRIVE, DEPART--Pyongyang September 12--A communications delegation of the Pakistan International (PIA) headed by its general manager (communications) Dilpazqr Ahmed arrived in Pyongyang yesterday by plane. A table tennis delegation of the Chinese Ministry of Public Security headed by Gao Zuoshun arrived here yesterday by plane. Lennart Weber, journalist of the Danish newspaper "Aktuelt," who had been on a visit to our country left here yesterday by plane. [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0432 GMT 12 Sep 79 SK]

'NODONG SINMUN' DELEGATION--Pyongyang September 9--A delegation of NODONG SINMUN headed by Chong Ha-chon left Pyongyang yesterday by train for a visit to China. Another delegation of NODONG SINMUN returned home yesterday by train from the Soviet Union. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0900 GMT 9 Sep 79 SK]

WORKERS' PARTY DELEGATION--Fyongyang September 9--The delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Yang Hyong-sop returned home yesterday by plane after attending the third congress of the People's National Congress of Guyana. It was met at the airport by personages concerned Kim Ki ... Hong Ki-mun and Cho Yong-kuk. [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0905 GMT 9 Sep 79 SK]

USSR SCIENCE ACADEMY DELEGATION -- The astronomical delegation of the USSR Academy of Sciences headed by A. G. Masevich, vice-president of the

Astronomical Council of the USSR Academy of Sciences, left Pyongyang by plane on September 11. [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0337 GMT 12 Sep 79 SK]

ROMANIAN JOURNALIST COUNCIL DELEGATION--Pyongyang September 12--The delegation of the Romanian Journalist Council headed by Nicolae Simonescu, member of the council and chief editor of the paper "Agricultural Socialista," left Pyongyang on September 11 by plane. During its stay in our country, the delegation toured various places of Pyongyang and local areas. [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0346 GMT 12 Sep 79 SK]

AMBASSADOR TO MOZAMBIQUE--Pyongyang August 30--Kang Su-myong, newlyappointed ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of our country to the People's Republic of Mozambique, on August 24 p sented his credentials to President Samora Moises Machel, according to a report. The ambassador conveyed the cordial greetings of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to the president. The president inquired after the health of the great leader and expressed deep thanks for his cordial greetings. He asked the ambassador to convey his and the Mozambican people's warmest regards to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song. Extending full support to the struggle of the Korean people for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, the president stated: The Mozambican stand on the reunification of Korea is invariable. He expressed satisfaction with the favourable development of the friendly and cooperative relations between Mozambique and Korea. Present on the occasion were the Mozambican foreign minister and other personages concerned. The conversation proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0406 GMT 30 Aug 79 SK]

BOXING CHAMPIONSHIPS--Pyongyang August 31--The boxing championships of friendly armies opened on August 30 at the Pyongyang indoor stadium. The championships is participated in by the boxing teams of the Romanian People's Army, the Hungarian People's Army, the Czechoslovak People's Army, the Cuban Revolutionary Army, the Polish People's Army, the Soviet Army and the Korean People's Army. The opening ceremony was addressed by the chairman of the organising committee of the championships and the official representative of the friendly army sports committee. [Pyongyang KCNA in Lnglish 0354 GMT 31 Aug 79 SK]

JAPANESE TU DELEGATION--Pyongyang August 24 (KCNA)--Vice Premier Chong Chun-ki on August 23 met and had a friendly talk with the joint delegation of the Chukoku and Tokai district trade unions of the General Council of Frade Unions of Japan (Sohyo) headed by Susumu Yamamoto, chairman of the Yamaguchi Prefectural Council of Trade Unions of Japan. Present there was personage concerned Mun Pyong-nok. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1028 GMT 24 Aug 79 SK]

ICAO REPRESENTATIVE--Pyongyang August 18--P. M. Peralta, regional representative of the Far East and Pacific office of the International Civil Aviation Organisation, and his party arrived here on August 17 by plane.

[Pyongyang KCNA in English 0405 GMT 18 Aug 79 SK]

NEW ZEALAND PARLIAMENTARIAN--Pyongyang August 18--Warren Freer, member of Parliament of New Zealand, left here on August 17 by plane. After arriving in our country on August 10, the guest visited a revolutionary historic site, a factory, a cooperative farm and educational organ. [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0346 GMT 18 Aug 79 SK]

SCIENTISTS TO USSR--Pyongyang August 19--A scientists delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea headed by Kim Tal-hyon left here on August 18 by plane to attend the 14th Pacific Science Congress to be held in the Soviet Union. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0841 GMT 19 Aug 79 SK]

GDR JOURNALIST GROUP--Pyongyang August 28 (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Hwan on August 27 met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of "Neues Deutschland," the organ of the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany, headed by Herbert Annas, section chief of the paper. Personage concerned Pak Chong-sun and GDR Ambassador Dietrich Jarck were present on the occasion. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0337 GMT 28 Aug 79 SK]

JOURNALISTS FROM GUYANA--Pyongyang August 21 (KCNA)--Vice-premier Chong Chun-ki met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of journalist and information persons of Guyana headed by Gwen Parris, permanent secretary of the Ministry of Information of Guyana on August 20. On hand was personage concerned Han Ik-su. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1029 GMT 21 Aug 79 SK]

TANZANIAN EDUCATIONAL DELEGATION--Pyongyang August 24 (KCNA)--Vice-premier Chong Chun-ki on August 23 met and had a friendly talk with the educational delegation of Tanzania headed by A. D. Munthali, director of the Lindi regional development of the prime minister's office of the United Republic of Tanzania. Personage concerned In Chang-tok was in hand.

[Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1030 GMT 24 Aug 79 SK]

N. KOREA/BIOGRAPHICS

BACKGROUND, NEW POSTS OF CH'OE CHAE'U, KANG SONG-SAN DISCUSSED

Seoul VANTAGE POINT in English Vol II, No 7, Jul 79 pp 18-20

[Text] A shuffle of two north Korean cabinet posts was revealed recently. An economic expert, Ch'oe Chae-u was restored to deputy premiership and Deputy Premier Kang Song-san concurrently took the office of railways minister.

The news on Ch'oe came in Pyongyang's reports on President Kim Il-song's guidance tour of South Hamgyong Province on June 6. Ch'oe's appointment brought the number of deputy premiers to eight. The other seven are Kye Ung-tae, Ho Tam, Chong Chun-ku, Kang Song-san, Kong Chin-tae, Kim Tu-yong, and Kang Hui-won.

Kang's new position was revealed when Pyongyang broadcasts on June 13 covered his report at the opening of the 18th plenary session of the fifth-term Workers' Party Central Committee. He replaced Pak Yong-sok. The replacement of Pak, a technocrat, with Ch'oe, a bureaucrat, indicates Pyongyang's stress on labor administration and supervision in the field of railway transportation.

Bern in 1913 in North Hamgyong Province, Deputy Premier Ch'oe Chae-u tarted his economic career as a manager at Chongjin Steel Manufacturing Company in 1954. Three years later, he became vice chairman of the State Hanning Commission and concurrently vice minister of machine industry. He has held these positions until he was promoted to the minister of machine industry in 1958. He visited the Soviet Union and Communist China in 1958 and in 1959, respectively. For about a year from May, 1960 he taught physics, at Kim Il-song University as associate professor.

Ch'oe became deputy premier in charge of economic planning on March 25, 19,1 at the start of the six-year (1971-1976) economic plan. In the early 1970s he was member of the Central People's Committee and chairman of the State Planning Commission in the Administration Council. In June 1973, he visited the Soviet Union and China leading economic missions. His tours of Moscow and Peking and signing of protocols with the two Communist countries were to induce economic aid from them for the economic plan.

Upon returning from his visit to the two Communist giants, he won candidate membership in the Political Committee of the Workers' Party Central Committee.

However, at the end of the six-year plan, his name was hardly to be seen in north Korea's news media along with two other economic luminaries: Yi Kun-mo and Yon Hyong-muk. His rank in the north Korean power ladder dropped from 15th in the early 1970s to 21st in October 1975, to 24th in September 1976 and further down to 27th in the first half of 1977. He was stripped of his deputy premiership in the December 15, 1977 reshuffle.

Deputy Premier Kang Song-san, who concurrently took the office of rail-ways minister, has been little known to the outside world until he emerged as a "responsible" secretary at the Workers' Party Committee of Chagang Province in August, 1969. Though he is believed to be in his late 50s, neither the date and place of his birth nor his career before 1969 is available. He was promoted to a "responsible" secretary at the Workers' Party Committee of Pyongyang in November that year.

Though his name was first seen in the official list of the Workers' Party Central Committee members, announced at the end of the fifth Party Congress held in November, 1970, it is not certain whether he wen membership in the committee during the congress or earlier. He was not on the list of the committee members announced at the end of the fourth Party Congress held in September, 1961. His rank among the 117 full members of the Party Central Committee in the 1970 list was 66th. Noteworthy is the fact that he took the hard line in the Party when the power of Kim Yong-chu, President Kim's younger brother, was at its height.

Kang was elected to the fifth-term Supreme People's Assembly in 1972. He won candidate membership in the Party Political Committee at the seventh plenary session of the fifth-term Party Central Committee held in September, 1973.

Eang served at the Commission of the Transportation and Communications in 1975. The commission was reorganized into the ministries of railways, land and sea transportation, and communications later. He became deputy premier in the December 15, 1977 reshuffle made at the first session of the sixtherm Supreme People's Assembly.

N. KOREA/CHRONOLOGY

CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS IN JUNE 1979

Seoul VANTAGE POINT in English Vol II, No 7, Jul 79 pp 26-32

[Text]

- An international calisthenics contest opens in Pyongyang, It continued through June 3.
- President Kim II-sung hosts a dinner for Prince Norodom Sihanouk and his wife.
- The National Symphony Orchestra returns home from a performance tour of Romania.
- 1 A film mission returns from a visit to the Soviet Union.
- 2 A Workers' Party mission led by Kim Hwan (# #), member of the Party Political Committee and secretary of the Party Central Committee, leaves Tanzania for Zambia.
- 2 A Foreign Ministry mission led by Deputy Foreign Affairs Minister Kil Jac-gyong (4 4 7) returns home from a visit to Liberia, Niger, the Central African Empire and Cyprus.
- A health mission returns after taking part in the 32nd general conference of WHO in Geneva.
- 2 Deputy Premier-Foreign Affairs Minister Ho Dam (4) 1/2) leaves Bangkok winding up his visit to Thailand.
- 3 A youth delegation attends East German functions commemorating the 30th founding anniversary of East Germany held in East Berlin.
- 4 The Party's Yanggang Provincial Committee hosts a reporting session at (laryungchon Palace to commemorate the 42nd anniversary of Kim Ilsung's victorious battle at Pochonbo.
- 4 A soviet trade union mission and a Soviet Red Cross delegation arrive in Pyongyang for a nine-day visit.
- 5 A Chinese Women's League mission arrives in Pyongyang for a 16-day visit.

- 5 A Soviet Architect League mission winds up its visit to north Korea.
- 5 Ho Dam and his mission arrive in Sri Lanka to attend the nonaligned ministers' conference there.
- 5 President Kim ends his eight-day on-the-spot guidance tour of South Hamgyong Province.
 - 5 A Romanian Science Academy mission arrives in Pyongyang for an eight-day visit.
 - 6 Radio Pyongyang reports north Korea and Malta concluded an agreement on aviation in Valletta on May 31.
 - 6 A national painting exhibition opens at Korean Art Museum in Pyongyang with about 280 landscapes through the end of June.
 - 6 Kim Song ac (2 2 4), the First Lady who is chairman of the Women's League Central Committee, meets with the visiting Chinese Women's League mission.
 - 6 The first contingent of a Chinese friend-hip mission winds up its visit to north Korea.
 - 6 A delegation of the Construction Material Ministry leaves for the Soviet Union. (The mission returned home on June 24.)
 - 6 A Malaysian economic mission arrives in Pyongyang for a five day visit.
 - 6 North Korea and Malagasy sign an agreement in Tanararive on mutual cooperation in the radio and TV fields.
 - 7 A badminton team arrives in Hangehow of China to take part in the second world badminton championships.
 - 7 Moscow Radio reports Soviet made jacks and pumps are supplied to north Korean mines.
 - 7 Peking Radio reports north Korean Foreign Minister Ho Dam met with leng Sary, foreign minister of the Pol Pot regime, on June 5 in Colombo.
- 8. Moscow Radio reports north Korea took part in the Comecon conference as an observer.
 - 8. A l'unisian youth mission arrives in Pyongyang for a nine-day visit.
 - 8 The new Gabon ambassador arrives in Pyongyang to take up his post.
 - 8 An electric, communications and electronics mission returns home from a visit to the Soviet Union after attending a forum there.
 - 8 A Chinese cultural mission led by its culture minister winds up its visit to north Korea.
 - 8 A Chinese People's Daily mission leaves Pyongyang.

- 9 Ambassador Yom Tae-jun (9 10 2) to Laos pays a farewell call on the head of state in Vientiane.
- 9 President Kim hosts luncheon for the visiting Malaysian economic mission.
- 9 North Korea and Malaysia conclude a trade agreement in Pyongyang.
- 9 The 2.8 Vinylon Enterprise, Hungnam Fertilizer Company and Yongsong Machinery Plant hold rallies since June 7 to pledge the attanium of their production goals in support of President Kim's recent on the spot guidance tour to those factories.
- 10 Yu Jac han (5 4 4) is named anhassador to Finland.
- 10 A Socialist Working Youth mission returns home from a visit to East Germany.
- 11 A Yugoslavian Socialist Workers' Union mission arrives in Pyongyang for a six day visit.
- 11 A Hungarian Red Cross mission arrives in Pyongyang for a nine-day visit.
- 11 President Kim receives credentials from the new Gabon ambassador.
- 11 A government mission returns home from a visit to Scychelles after participating in the celebration of the second anniversary of the nation's independence.
- 11 The North Kurean and Romanian Science Academies sign an agreement on mutual cooperation for 1979-1981 in Pyongyang.
- A delegation of the Soviet Union's Party organ, Prayda, arrives in Pyongyang for a 16 day visit.
- 11 A funisian cultural mission arrives in Pyongyang for a six day visit.
- 12 The (north) Korean Central Broadcasting Station (KCBS) and Radio Pyongyang report the railway into the Kumya Youth Coal Mine has been electrified lately after a short period of construction.
- 12 A Nepal journalist mission arrives in Pyongy ang for an 11 day visit.
- 12 Chinese and Japanese women volleyball teams arrive in Pyongyang for a 16 day tour, respectively.
- 12 A Polish women volleyball team leaves Pyongyang.
- 13 A Chinese youth gymnastic team leaves Pyongyang.
- 13 A Party mission leaves on a visit to Czechoslovakia and the Soviet Union.
- 13 A Pyongy ang city rally is held at Grand Pyongyang Theater welcoming the visiting Tunisian cultural mission.
- 13 A friendship mission led by Hyon Junguk (28 # 4), member of the

- Central Committee of the Workers' Party and vice chairman of the Committee for Foreign Cultural Relations, arrives in Tokyo for a 15-day visit to Japan.
- 13 The railways between Sinsongchon and Changsan are electrified and opened to traffic.
- 13 North Korea and Tunisia conclude an agreement on cultural cooperation in Pyongyang.
- 13 Deputy Premier-Foreign Minister Ho Dam and his mission return from Sri Lanka.
- 13 A Party mission led by Kim Yong-nam (2 9 1), member of the Party Political Committee and director of the Party international affairs department, leaves for the Soviet Union, Hungary and Italy.
- 13 The (three-day) 18th plenary session of the fifth-term Workers' Party Central Committee opens in Pyongyang chaired by Kim 'l-sung. On the agenda was "how to increase the transportation capacity upholding the resolutions adopted at the 13th plenary session of the fifth-term Party Central Committee."
- 14 Miss Kim Ok-son is awarded the title of honorary sportswoman. She won first place in the 1,500m and 3,000m divisions of the Asian Field and Track Race held in Tokyo recently.
- 14 President Kim meets with Tunisian cultural and youth missions.
- 14 A Mongolian people's mission arrives in Pyongyang for an eight-day visit.
- 15 A heavy industry mission returns home from a visit to the Soviet Union.
- 15 A three-day international women's volleyball contest opens in Pyongyang participated in by China, Japan and north Korea.
- 15 A Chinese education mission arrives in Pyongyang for a 16-day visit.
- 15 A Chinese youth mission arrives in Pyongyang for a 15-day visit.
- 16 A Chinese finance mission leaves Pyongyang winding up its 23-day visit to north Korea.
- 16 A Tanzanian agricultural mission leaves Pyongyang winding up its 23day visit.
- 16 The Central Committee of the Unification Revolution Party, an underground party which north Korea claims is operating in south Korea, issues a statement denouncing the planned Carter visit to Seoul.
- 17 The Pyongyang Students' Art Troupe leaves for Yugoslavia and Algeria.
- 18 Vice President Kim II (2 4), secretary of the Workers' Party, issues a statement endorsing the south Korean opposition party leader's proposal to meet Kim II-sung or other leaders for south-north Korean talks. He

- proposed that a preliminary meeting for such talks would be held either at Panmuniom or other convenient places in a third country any time.
- 18 President and Mrs. Kim Il-sung along with Prince Sihanouk and his wife view a performance by the Students' Art Troupe in Pyongyang.
- 13 The foreign minister of Angola and his mission arrive in Pyongyang for a six-day visit.
- 18 A Yugoslav Communist League mission arrives in Pyongyang for a nineday visit.
- 18 A meet is held to form the committee for friendship and relations between the north Korean and Palestine people at Chollima Cultural Center in Pyongyang.
- 18 A Central Broadcasting Committee mission returns from a visit to Bulgaria and Algeria.
- 18 A Nigerian journalist mission arrives in Pyongyang.
- 18 An East German scientist mission arrives in Pyongyang.
- 18 Kim Yong nam and his mission arrive in Moscow from Budapest.
- 19 President Kim meets with the visiting Nepalese journalist mission.
- 19 A special envoy of the Benin president arrives in Pyongyang for a nine-day visit.
- 19 A Japan Socialist Party mission arrives in Pyongyang for a nine-day visit.
- 19 A Czechoslovak women's basketball team winds up its visit to north Korea.
- 19 A Yugoslav radio and TV mission arrives in Pyongyang for a nine-day visit.
- 19 A trade union mission led by Kim Bong-ju (김 분 수), chairman of the General Federation of Trade Unions, leaves for East Germany on a nine-day visit.
- 19 A trade union mission leaves for the Soviet Union.
- 19 A mission of Rodong Shinmun, organ of the Workers' Party, leaves for Poland.
- 20 President Kim meets with the visiting Angola foreign minister and his party.
- 20 A North Korea-Mongolia Friendship Association mission leaves for Mongolia.
- 20 Ambassador Kim Yo-gwon (김 여 선) to Afghanistan pays a farewell visit on the head of state.
- 20 President Kim ends a 16-day on-the-spot guidance tour of Chongjin City and North Hamgyong Province. He gave instructions at expanded plenary session of the Party Chongjin City Committee and North Hamgyong Provincial Committee.

- 22 A Chinese agricultural mission arrives in Pyongyang.
- 22 A Costa Rican university president arrives in Pyongyang for a nine-day visit.
- 23 A North Korea-Soviet Union Friendship Association mission leaves for the Soviet Union.
- 24 Radio Pyongyang reports for the first time on the meeting of Brezhnev and Carter in Vienna on June 15-18.
- 24 Eighteen parties and social organizations issue a letter of appeal to the people all over world on the occasion of starting the anti-U.S. campaign month (June 25-July 27).
- 24 President Kim meets with the special envoy of the Benin president.
- 24 Anti-U.S. campaign rallies are held in Pyongyang, Wonsan and Kacsong cities commemorating "Anti-U.S. Imperialist Day," June 25.
- 25 Rodong Shinmun publishes an editorial on the occasion of "Anti-U.S. Imperialist Day." The Korean War broke out that day.
- 25 Rallies are held commemorating "Anti-U.S. Imperialist Day" in cities including Pyongyang, Chongjin, Hyesan, Hamhung, Sinuiju, Sariwon, Hacju and Kanggye.
- 25 The Central Broadcasting Committee of north Korea and the Yugoslav radio and TV association conclude an agreement on mutual cooperation in Pyongyang.
- 25 A Party mission led by Kim Hwan returns home from a visit to France, Spain, Tanzania, Zambia and Syria.
- 25 A Colombian Liberal Party mission arrives in Pyongyang.
- 25 A Polish soccer team arrives in Pyongyang.
- 25 A Party mission led by Kim Yong-nam leaves Moscow winding up its cightday visit to the Soviet Union.
- 25 Tass of the Soviet Union publishes an article concerning the start of the Russo-North Korean Friendship Month, June 25-July 27.
- 25 A Party mission arrives in Moscow.
- 26 The Mansudae Art Company troupe arrives in Paris on a performance tour.
- The (north) Korean Central News Agency (KCNA) issues a statement urging unification talks between even authorities, parties, social organizations in the south and north as well as Korean residents in foreign countries. The statement said the Workers' Party is willing to meet with the south Korean ruling party chairman, let alone the opposition party leader.
- 27 Lim Gi-tack () 4 4) is named ambassador to Jamaica.
- 27 A Sri Lanka government mission led by its foreign minister arrives in

Pyongyang for a three-day visit.

- 27 Chairman Hwang Jang-yop (전 정 역) of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly and his mission leave for Portugal and Jordan.
- 27 Chairman Han Dok-su (世 号 수) of Chochongnyon, the pro-Pyongyang federation of Korean residents in Japan, issues a statement denouncing Carter and the stationing of U.S. forces in south Korea.
- 28 President Kim meets with the Sri Lanka government mission.
- 28 Premier Lee Jong-ok (at \$ %) meets with the visiting Chinese youth mission.
- 29 A Party mission returns home from a visit to Australia after taking part in the 26th conference of the Australian Communist Party.
- 30 A trade mission led by Deputy Trade Minister Pang Tae-yul (**) ** **) leaves for Syria.
- 30 President Kim meets with a Colombian Liberal Party delegation.

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